

*Hope and Passion*  
2018-2019 SEASON

J.S. Bach's  
*St. Matthew Passion*

MARCH 31, 2019 | 4 PM

*Bach*  
SOCIETY of DAYTON

John Neely, Music Director  
R. Alan Kimbrough, Accompanist

THIS PERFORMANCE OF BACH'S ST. MATTHEW PASSION IS MADE POSSIBLE BY A GRANT FROM

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Hope and Passion  
2018-2019 SEASON

# Glorious Brass

MAY 12, 2019 | 4 PM

**WHAT COULD BE MORE PASSIONATE  
THAN THE SOUNDS OF BRASS AND CHORUS?**

We close the Hope and Passion season with a concert of brass and choral music that is sure to raise the roof! We'll be joined by **Oakwood Brass**, the Dayton area's very own acclaimed brass ensemble, in a glorious concert filled with musical gems written specifically for brass and choir.

Stay tuned for our 2019/2020 Season Announcement at the May 12 Glorious Brass Concert.



Bach  
SOCIETY OF DAYTON

John Neely, Music Director  
R. Alan Kimbrough, Accompanist

TICKETS - ADULTS: \$20 | STUDENTS: \$10 | ACTIVE MILITARY: \$25



## John Neely, Music Director R. Alan Kimbrough, Accompanist

Every concert the Bach Society of Dayton offers is special in its own way. But today we're especially excited to present J.S. Bach's transcendent music and the powerful Passion story uniting biblical and reflective elements. All this springs from the artistry of double chorus, double orchestra, Evangelist, strong aria soloists, and the welcome presence of the University of Dayton Chorale, under Dr. Steven Hankle.

So, yes, this is a unique moment, and we trust that the next two hours will leave you moved and filled.

The Bach Society is deeply grateful for the continuing generosity of the Miriam Rosenthal Foundation for the Arts, the sole underwriter of this performance of the *St. Matthew Passion* and the collaboration that is part of it. We also appreciate the season-long support of our donors, sponsors and subscribers. The Bach Society cannot thank you enough for your abiding trust in us.

To round out this 2018-2019 season of Hope and Passion, you are warmly invited to our season's final concert, "**Glorious Brass**," on Sunday, May 12, at 4:00 p.m. here at the Kettering Seventh-day Adventist Church. The Oakwood Brass joins the chorus for festive flourishes combining voice and instruments. Tickets are on sale today at the box office, so plan to bring friends and family for a stirring afternoon designed to thrill your heart.

We are delighted and honored you are here today to experience J.S. Bach's remarkable *St. Matthew Passion*.

The Bach Society of Dayton is extraordinarily grateful to the Miriam Rosenthal Foundation for the Arts for making this exceptional concert possible.



MIRIAM ROSENTHAL FOUNDATION  
FOR THE ARTS



## Bach Society of Dayton Chorus

### Sopranos

Carla Ballou  
Jodi Blackridge  
Barbara Campbell  
Joy Carter  
Kay Cherry  
Barbara Colaner  
Joan Crafton  
Jacquelynn Duff  
Kate Havlicek  
Madelon Kinzig  
Sharon Kohnle  
Karen Linaberry  
Tiffany Lopez  
Connie Palmus  
Amy Potter  
Donna Reece  
Shirley Richardson-McCourt  
Faye Seifrit  
Elizabeth Weibel  
Rebecca Whisnant  
Mary Ann Woods

### Altos

Cynthia Bertleff  
Madelyn Callender  
Willow Cliffswallow  
Pamela Cooper-Servaites

Helen Cripe  
Carla J. H. Drye  
Sallie Fisher  
Madeline Hart  
Peg Holland  
Micheline Jarvis  
Kenzie Moore  
Sharon Norton  
Barbara Piatt  
Adele Rapelye  
Pam Rauch  
Mary Beth Rodes  
Lorraine Simard  
Sarah Toher  
Mary Tymeson  
Sara Vice  
Janell Winigman

### Tenors

Fred Bartenstein  
Alfred Bertleff  
Benjamin Carter  
Joe Codispoti  
Frank Gentner  
Marc Georgin  
Tim Mahorney  
Thomas Meyer  
William Miller  
Christopher Oldstone-Moore

Theodore Precht  
Kevin Samblanet  
Jerome Servaites  
William Spohn  
Vincent Velten

### Basses

Mike Bates  
Erick Beaven  
Gary Blackridge  
James Connaire  
Marc Fleischauer  
Tom Gottweis  
David Grupe  
John Gummel  
Lew Hann  
Dick Hattershire  
Larry Hollar  
Christopher Ingram  
R. Alan Kimbrough  
Steve Makovec  
Dan Minneman  
David Jon Priebe  
James Robertson  
Dave Roderick  
Russell Shoup  
Mark Spencer  
John Stengel  
Marshall Wareham

**The Bach Society of Dayton's** mission is to perform and promote appreciation of choral music, both sacred and secular, including the music of Johann Sebastian Bach, and to nurture the next generation of choral singers. Through an annual concert series that features diverse repertoire and innovative collaborations and educational elements, the Bach Society provides musical excellence across the range of classical music. Generous funding support from foundations, government arts entities, underwriters, donors, and subscribers makes this possible. See more about us at [www.bachsocietyofdayton.org](http://www.bachsocietyofdayton.org).

*Proud member of*



**John Neely** has been Music Director of the Bach Society of Dayton since its inception in 2002. For the past 37 years he has served as Associate Pastor for Music at Westminster Presbyterian Church in downtown Dayton. John has taught in the music departments of Washington and Jefferson College in Washington, Pennsylvania, and Mt. Union College in Alliance, Ohio. He has been Dean of the Canton and Dayton Chapters of the American Guild of Organists and was national president of the Presbyterian Association of Musicians.

John is recognized nationally as an organ recitalist, conductor, and choral clinician, having conducted workshops most recently in Ft. Worth, Texas; Portland, Oregon; and Tallahassee, Florida. He holds degrees from Duquesne University, Union Theological Seminary School of Sacred Music, and Pittsburgh Theological Seminary.



**R. Alan Kimbrough**, retired professor of English at the University of Dayton, is well known within the Dayton arts community as an outstanding organist-accompanist. Dr. Kimbrough was the accompanist for the former Dayton Bach Society from 1974 to 2002. He is a long-time member of the American Guild of Organists and is currently a co-organist at the First Baptist Church of Dayton.

## Concert Preview



**Neal Gittleman** is in his twenty-fourth season as Artistic Director of the Dayton Philharmonic Orchestra. He enjoys a career and reputation of international dimensions.

A native of Brooklyn, New York, Neal graduated from Yale University in 1975. He continued his musical studies with Nadia Boulanger and Annette Dieudonné in Paris, Hugh Ross at the Manhattan School of Music, and Charles Bruck at both the Pierre Monteux Domaine School and the Hartt School of Music, where he was the recipient of the Karl Böhm Fellowship. In 1984, he was the Second Prize Winner of Geneva's Ernest Ansermet International Conducting Competition.

petition, and, two years later, he was awarded Third Prize at the Leopold Stokowski Conducting Competition in New York City. In 1989, he was selected for the American Conductors Program at the American Symphony Orchestra League's annual conference in San Francisco. In May 2014, he received a 2014 Governor's Award for the Arts in Ohio.

At home in the opera pit as well as on the concert stage, Neal has conducted for the Dayton Opera, Hartt Opera Theater, Syracuse Opera Company, Milwaukee's Skylight Opera Theatre, and Dayton's Human Race Theatre Company. He has also led performances of the Milwaukee Ballet, Hartford Ballet, Chicago City Ballet, Ballet Arizona and Theatre Ballet of Canada.



# Guest Artists

## The University of Dayton University Chorale Steven Hankle, Director



The University Chorale, an auditioned mixed ensemble, performs sacred and secular compositions from all musical eras. Chorale has performed with the Dayton Opera, the Dayton Philharmonic Orchestra and Chorus, the Bach Society of Dayton, and the Sarajevo Philharmonic. The Chorale often joins with Choral Union and professional soloists to present choral masterworks. The Chorale has sung for regional conferences, including the Ohio Music Education Association and the American Choral Directors Association. The Chorale tours frequently, most recently completing its fourth trip to Europe.

### Sopranos

Camille Bagnola  
Clare Carey  
Megan Green  
Samantha Heise  
Bella Klotz  
Gigi Klotz  
Alaina Saliba  
Ellyn Winski

### Altos

Mary Catherine  
Donovan

### Maggie Feder

Alexandra Golzynski  
Sydney Jenkins  
Vicki Karpuszka  
Alicia Simpson  
Becca Trumbull  
Chun Zhang

### Tenors

Sean Hearrell  
Ian Jones  
Derrin McCormick  
Ryan Obermeyer

### Blaise Stephens

Connor Stumperth

### Basses

Caleb Baron  
Steven Borches  
Jack DeStephano  
Jacob Lee  
Ryan Mar  
Adam Moorman  
John Newcomb



**Steven Hankle** is Assistant Professor of Choral Music and Music Education at the University of Dayton, where he teaches choral music education classes and directs the University Chorale and Choral Union. An active clinician and adjudicator, he has worked with choirs in California, Florida, Virginia, New York, Pennsylvania, Kenya, and Tijuana, Mexico.

Dr. Hankle is an active member of the American Choral Directors Association (ACDA), Chorus America, and National Association for Music Educators (NAfME). His primary area of interest is the development of choral music education in urban secondary public schools and student engagement through the development of music skills and repertoire in the choral rehearsal.

A native of Chicago, Illinois, Dr. Hankle received both undergraduate and masters degrees in music education and conducting from San Francisco State University, and his Ph.D. in choral conducting and music education from Florida State University. Prior to his appointment at the University of Dayton, he served as choral music and music education faculty at Penn State University, and successfully developed a new choral program at Mission High School in San Francisco, California.

## Soloists



**Daniel Weeks**, Evangelist, has been a member of the voice faculty of the College-Conservatory of Music at the University of Cincinnati since 2015. He has sung with the symphonies of Houston, Dallas, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Columbus, Memphis, Dayton, San Jose, Rochester, South Dakota, Louisville, Huntsville, the National Youth Symphony of Venezuela, and the National Orchestras of Mexico and Costa Rica.

Mr. Weeks is equally adept on the operatic stage, where he has performed with the Florida Opera, the Cincinnati Opera, the Kentucky Opera, Nevada Opera, Mercury Opera, and San Francisco Opera's Western Opera Theater. In the summer of 2017, Mr. Weeks taught at the Miami Choral and Voice Institute, and also joined the faculty of Lingua e Canto, in Sant'Angelo in Vado, Italy.

Recent engagements include Luigi Nono's *Intolleranza 1960* with the National Symphony Orchestra at Carnegie Hall, Puccini's *Turandot* with the Kentucky Symphony, Beethoven's *9th Symphony* with the Symphony Orchestra of Augustus, Verdi's *Requiem* with the Las Cruces Symphony, and the role of Evangelist in Bach's *St. John Passion*.



**Josefien Stoppelenburg**, soprano, has performed as a soloist in the United States, Europe, Asia, South America, and the United Arab Emirates. Called “an astonishing singer” by the Chicago Tribune, she won the Chicago Oratorio Award and placed second in the American Prize Opera Competition. She has performed several times for the Dutch Royal Family.

A specialist of vocal Baroque music, Josefien presented Baroque master classes for the University of Colorado, Indiana University (Jacobs School of Music), Illinois State University, and at the Conservatorio Nacional de Música in the Dominican Republic.

Highlights of the coming season include an appearance at the Baroque Music Festival in the Dominican Republic (Conservatorio Nacional de Música), concerts for the Poetry Foundation, Mozart’s *Exsultate Jubilate* with the Rockford Symphony Orchestra, Bach cantatas with the Cincinnati Bach Ensemble, Rembrandt Chamber Musicians, and Bach Week Evanston.

An advocate for chamber music, Josefien will present several recitals with Ensemble Brothers and Sisters (vocal duo Charlotte and Josefien Stoppelenburg and piano duo and brothers Martijn and Stefan Blaak). This quartet recently appeared live on Radio 4, the Dutch classical radio station, and just made their ensemble debut in the Concertgebouw in Amsterdam. As a vocal duo, Josefien and her sister have performed in nearly every Dutch concert hall.



**Nathan Medley**, countertenor, has emerged in recent years as one of the leading younger-generation countertenors, with notable success internationally in concert and opera. Recent highlights include debuts with The Berlin Philharmonic under Sir Simon Rattle, St. Cecilia Orchestra, National Symphony Orchestra, San Francisco Symphony, London Symphony, Carnegie Hall, Los Angeles Philharmonic, English National Opera, Barbican, London, The Lucerne Festival, St. Louis Symphony, Pacific Musicworks, Miami Bach Society, Opera Omaha, and the Concertgebouw, Amsterdam.

In May 2012 he made his professional debut premiering John Adam’s *Gospel According to the Other Mary*, which he has subsequently recorded with both the LA Philharmonic and Berlin Philharmonic. He also sang on the Boston Early Music Festival’s recording of *St. Matthew Passion* by Johann Sebastian Bach.

He performs throughout the US with his early music ensemble, Echoing Air, and his Lute Duo collaborator, Brandon Acker. Mr. Medley has worked

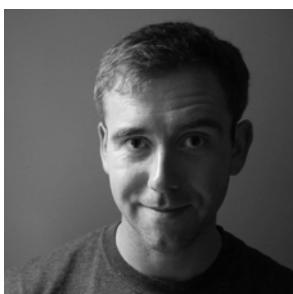
with Peter Sellars, Catherine Turocy, Gilbert Blin, Ellen Hargis, Gustavo Dudamel, David Robertson, John Harbison, James Darrah, Markus Stenz, John Adams, Stephen Stubbs, and Webb Wiggins since graduating from Oberlin Conservatory.



**C. Andrew Blosser**, tenor, a native of Belle Center, Ohio, has performed roles in opera and musical theatre, and presented master classes and recitals throughout the United States, Ireland, Austria, Hungary, Poland, Czech Republic, Germany, and Switzerland. He received a Bachelor of Music in Vocal Music Education from the Conservatory of Music at Capital University in Columbus, a Master of Music in Voice Performance and a Doctor of Musical Arts from The Ohio State University.

Dr. Blosser has been a featured artist with orchestras, wind ensembles, and choral ensembles for concert and oratorio performances. He was the tenor soloist for Handel's *Messiah* with the Columbus Symphony Orchestra, and was the soloist for the world premiere performance of *Te Deum*, by British composer Patrick Hawes, with the Lancaster Festival Symphony Orchestra. He performed at the National Association of Teachers of Singing (NATS) national conference in Boston on a recital entitled "Singing our History" with colleagues from institutions across the country. He was recently the Chorus Master for the Firelands Symphony Orchestra's performance of *Porgy and Bess*.

Dr. Blosser is Senior Lecturer at The Ohio State University, where he teaches applied voice, voice literature, and diction courses.



**David Rugger**, baritone, specializes in the oratorio repertoire, early music, and especially the music of J.S. Bach. He recently sang with the Oregon Bach Festival, the Bloomington Bach Cantata Project, and the Bach Akademie Charlotte. He is an alumnus of both the American Bach Soloists Academy and the Carmel Bach Festival's Virginia Best Adams Fellow program.

Dr. Rugger received his Ph.D. in musicology from Indiana University, where he also studied voice and was active in the Historical Performance Institute. In his scholarship, Rugger writes about the relationship between vocal sound, the body, and identity in the long twentieth century, especially in England and America. He has given papers at the national meetings of the American Musicological Society, the North American British Music Studies Association, and the Midwest Victorian Studies Association.



**Mark Spencer**, baritone, is Associate Professor of Vocal Music at Cedarville University. He received his Doctor of Musical Arts degree at Southwestern Baptist Theological Seminary in Fort Worth, Texas, where he studied with Jack Coldiron. Dr. Spencer has taught at California Baptist University in Riverside and Golden Gate Baptist Theological Seminary near San Francisco. He has been a guest clinician in California, Illinois, New York, Pennsylvania, and Singapore. He has appeared as soloist with the Singapore Symphony, the Dayton Bach Society, Bach Society of Dayton, Dayton Opera, Dayton Philharmonic, Ohio Lyric Theatre, Opera Funatics, Riverside (CA) Master Chorale, the Inland Opera Association of Southern California, and Musica Viva.



**Orchestra I**  
Aurelian Oprea, Concertmaster

**Orchestra II**  
Jessica Hung, Concertmaster

**Cello Continuo and Gamba**  
Christina Coletta

**Organ**

R. Alan Kimbrough, playing the Bach Society's  
Bennett and Giuttari portative organ (2000)



# J. S. Bach

## *St. Matthew Passion (BWV 244)*

Evangelist:	Daniel Weeks
Jesus:	Mark Spencer
Judas, Second Witness, High Priest:	C. Andrew Blosser
Pilate, Peter, High Priest:	David Rugger
First Witness:	Nathan Medley
First Maid:	Joy Carter
Second Maid:	Karen Linaberry
Pilate's Wife:	Josefien Stoppelenburg
Soprano Arias:	Josefien Stoppelenburg
Alto Arias:	Nathan Medley
Tenor Arias:	C. Andrew Blosser
Bass Arias:	David Rugger
Violin soloist (No. 41):	Aurelian Oprea
Violin soloist (No. 44):	Jessica Hung

## Part One

### 1. Chorus and Chorale

*Kommt, ihr Töchter, helft mir klagen!  
Sehet! [Wen?] Den Bräutigam.  
Seht ihn! [Wie?] Als wie ein Lamm!  
Sehet! [Was?] Seht die Geduld.  
Seht! [Wohin?] Auf unsre Schuld.  
Sehet ihn aus Lieb und Huld  
Holz zum Kreuze selber tragen!*

Come, ye daughters, help me lament,  
Behold! [Whom?] The Bridegroom.  
Behold him! [How?] Like a lamb.  
Behold! [What?] Behold his patience.  
Behold! [Where?] Behold our guilt.  
Behold him, out of love and graciousness,  
Carrying himself the wood of the cross.

### Chorale

*O Lamm Gottes, unschuldig  
Am Stamm des Kreuzes geschlachtet,  
Allzeit erfunden geduldig,  
Wiewohl du warest verachtet.  
All Sünd hast du getragen,  
Sonst müßten wir verzagen.  
Erbarm dich unsrer, o Jesu!*

O guiltless Lamb of God,  
Slaughtered on the trunk of the cross,  
Always found patient,  
However you were despised.  
You have borne all sins;  
Otherwise we must have despaired  
Have mercy upon us, O Jesus.

### 2. Recitative - Evangelist and Jesus Evangelist

*Da Jesus diese Rede vollendet hatte,  
sprach er zu seinen Jüngern:*

### Jesus

*Ihr wisset, daß nach zweien  
Tagen Osterm wird, und des  
Menschen Sohn wird überantwortet  
werden, daß er gekreuzigt werde.*

When Jesus had finished saying  
all these things, he said to his disciples,

"You know that after two days  
the Passover is coming, and the  
Son of Man will be handed over  
to be crucified."

### **3. Chorale**

*Herzliebster Jesu, was hast du  
verbrochen,  
Daß man ein solch scharf Urteil hat  
gesprochen?  
Was ist die Schuld, in was für  
Missetaten  
Bist du geraten?*

Beloved Jesus, what have you done wrong  
that they have pronounced so hard a sentence?  
What is your crime? Of what sort of misdeeds  
are you accused?

### **4. Recitative - Evangelist**

*Da versammelten sich die Hohenpriester und Schriftgelehrten und die Ältesten im Volk in den Palast des Hohenpriesters, der da hieß Kaiphas, und hielten Rat, wie sie Jesum mit Listen griffen und töteten. Sie sprachen aber:*

Then the chief priests and the elders of the people gathered in the palace of the high priest, who was called Caiaphas, and they conspired to arrest Jesus by stealth and kill him. But they said,

### **5. Chorus**

*Ja nicht auf das Fest, auf daß nicht  
ein Aufruhr werde im Volk.*

"Not during the festival, or there may be a riot among the people."

### **6. Recitative - Evangelist**

*Da nun Jesus war zu Bethanien, im Hause Simonis des Aussätzigen, trat zu ihm ein Weib, die hatte ein Glas mit kostlichem Wasser und goß es auf sein Haupt, da er zu Tische saß. Da das seine Jünger sahen wurden sie unwillig und sprachen:*

Now while Jesus was at Bethany in the house of Simon the leper, a woman came to him with an alabaster jar of very costly ointment, and she poured it on his head as he sat at the table. But when the disciples saw it, they were angry and said,

### **7. Chorus**

*Wozu dienet dieser Unrat? Dieses  
Wasser hätte mögen teuer verkauft  
und den Armen gegeben werden.*

"Why this waste? For this ointment could have been sold for a large sum, and the money given to the poor."

### **8. Recitative - Evangelist and Jesus Evangelist**

*Da das Jesus merkte, sprach er zu ihnen:* But Jesus, aware of this, said to them,

#### **Jesus**

*Was bekümmert ihr das Weib?  
Sie hat ein gut Werk an mir getan.  
Ihr habt allezeit Armen bei euch,  
mich aber habt ihr nicht allezeit.  
Daß sie dies Wasser hat auf meinen  
Leib gegossen, hat sie getan,  
daß man mich begraben wird.  
Wahrlich, ich sage euch: Wo dies  
Evangelium geprediget wird in  
der ganzen Welt, da wird man auch  
sagen zu ihrem Gedächtnis,  
was sie getan hat.*

"Why do you trouble the woman? She has performed a good service for me. For you always have the poor with you, but you will not always have me. By pouring this ointment on my body she has prepared me for burial. Truly I tell you, wherever this good news is proclaimed in the whole world, what she has done will be told in remembrance of her."

### **9. Recitative - Alto**

*Du lieber Heiland du,  
Wenn deine Jünger töricht streiten,  
Daß dieses fromme Weib  
Mit Salben deinen Leib*

Beloved Saviour, when your disciples foolishly protest that this virtuous woman prepares your body with

*Zum Grabe will bereiten,  
So lasse mir inzwischen zu,  
Von meiner Augen Tränenflüssen  
Ein Wasser auf dein Haupt zu gießen!*

#### **10. Aria - Alto**

*Buß und Reu  
Knirscht das Sündenherz entzwei,  
Daß die Tropfen meiner Zähren  
Angenehme Spezerei,  
Treuer Jesu, dir gebären.*

ointment for the grave,  
let me, in the meantime,  
with flowing tears from my eyes,  
pour water upon your head!

#### **11. Recitative - Evangelist and Judas Evangelist**

*Da ging hin der Zwölfen einer, mit  
Namen Judas Ischarioth, zu den  
Hohenpriestern und sprach:*

##### **Judas**

*Was wollt ihr mir geben?  
Ich will ihn euch verraten.*

Repentance and regret  
rip the sinful heart in two.  
Thus the drops of my tears,  
desirable spices,  
are brought to you, loving Jesus.

##### **Evangelist**

*Und sie boten ihm dreißig Silberlinge.  
Und von dem an suchte er  
Gelegenheit, daß er ihn verriete.*

Then one of the twelve, who was  
called Judas Iscariot, went to the  
chief priests and said,

"What will you give me  
if I betray him to you?"

#### **12. Aria - Soprano**

*Blute nur, du liebes Herz!  
Ach! Ein Kind, das du erzogen,  
Das an deiner Brust gesogen,  
Droht den Pfleger zu ermorden,  
Denn es ist zur Schlange worden.*

They paid him thirty pieces of silver.  
And from that moment he began  
to look for an opportunity to betray him.

Bleed out, you loving heart!  
Alas! A child that you raised,  
that nursed at your breast,  
threatens to murder its caretaker,  
since it has become a serpent.

#### **13. Recitative - Evangelist, Chorus, and Jesus**

##### **Evangelist**

*Aber am ersten Tage der süßen  
Brot traten die Jünger zu Jesu  
und sprachen zu ihm:*

On the first day of Unleavened Bread  
the disciples came to Jesus, saying,

##### **Chorus**

*Wo willst du, daß wir dir bereiten,  
das Osterlamm zu essen?*

"Where do you want us to make the  
preparations for you to eat the Passover?"

##### **Evangelist**

*Er sprach:*

He said,

##### **Jesus**

*Gehet hin in die Stadt zu einem  
und sprecht zu ihm: Der Meister  
läßt dir sagen: Meine Zeit ist hier,  
ich will bei dir die Ostern halten  
mit meinen Jüngern.*

"Go into the city to a certain man,  
and say to him, 'The Teacher says,  
My time is near; I will keep the Passover  
at your house with my disciples.'"

##### **Evangelist**

*Und die Jünger tätten, wie ihnen  
Jesus befohlen hatte, und bereiteten*

So the disciples did as Jesus had  
directed them, and they prepared

*das Osterlamm. Und am Abend  
satzte er sich zu Tische mit den Zwölfen.  
Und da sie aßen, sprach er:*

**Jesus**

*Wahrlich, ich sage euch:  
Einer unter euch wird mich verraten.*

**Evangelist**

*Und sie wurden sehr betrübt  
und huben an, ein jeglicher unter  
ihnen, und sagten zu ihm:*

**Chorus**

*Herr, bin ich's?*

**14. Chorale**

*Ich bins, ich sollte büßen,  
An Händen und an Füßen  
Gebunden in der Höll.  
Die Geißeln und die Banden  
Und was du ausgestanden,  
Das hat verdienet meine SeeL.*

**15. Recitative - Evangelist, Jesus, and Judas**

**Evangelist**

*Er antwortete und sprach:*

**Jesus**

*Der mit der Hand mit mir in die  
Schüssel tauchet, der wird mich  
verraten. Des Menschen Sohn  
gehet zwar dahin, wie von ihm  
geschrieben stehet; doch wehe dem  
Menschen, durch welchen des  
Menschen Sohn verraten wird!  
Es wäre ihm besser, daß derselbige  
Mensch noch nie geboren wäre.*

**Evangelist**

*Da antwortete Judas,  
der ihn verriet, und sprach:*

**Judas**

*Bin ich's, Rabbi?*

**Evangelist**

*Er sprach zu ihm:*

**Jesus**

*Du sagest's.*

**Evangelist**

*Da sie aber aßen, nahm Jesus  
das Brot, dankete und brach's  
und gab's den Jüngern und sprach:*

the Passover meal. When it was evening, he took his place with the twelve; and while they were eating, he said,

"Truly I tell you,  
one of you will betray me."

And they became greatly distressed and began to say to him one after another,

"Surely not I, Lord?"

It is I, I should atone,  
bound hand and foot in hell.  
The scourges and the bonds  
and what you endured,  
all that my soul has earned.

"The one who has dipped his hand into the bowl with me will betray me. The Son of Man goes as it is written of him, but woe to that one by whom the Son of Man is betrayed! It would have been better for that one not to have been born."

Judas, who betrayed him, said,

"Surely not I, Rabbi?"

He said to him,

"You have said so."

While they were eating, Jesus took a loaf of bread, and after blessing it he broke it, gave it to the disciples, and said,

## **Jesus**

*Nehmet, esset, das ist mein Leib.*

"Take, eat; this is my Body."

## **Evangelist**

*Und er nahm den Kelch und dankete, gab ihnen den und sprach:*

## **Jesus**

*Trinket alle daraus; das ist mein Blut des neuen Testaments, welches vergossen wird für viele zur Vergebung der Sünden. Ich sage euch: Ich werde von nun an nicht mehr von diesem Gewächs des Weinstocks trinken bis an den Tag, da ich's neu trinken werde mit euch in meines Vaters Reich.*

Then he took a cup, and after giving thanks he gave it to them, saying,

"Drink from it, all of you; for this is my blood of the covenant, which is poured out for many for the forgiveness of sins. I tell you, I will never again drink of this fruit of the vine until that day when I drink it new with you in my Father's kingdom."

## **16. Recitative - Soprano**

*Wiewohl mein Herz in Tränen schwimmt,  
Daß Jesus von mir Abschied nimmt,  
So macht mich doch sein Testament  
Erfreut:  
Sein Fleisch und Blut, o Kostbarkeit,  
Vermacht er mir in meine Hände.  
Wie er es auf der Welt mit denen Seinen  
Nicht böse können meinen,  
So liebt er sie bis an das Ende.*

Although my heart is swimming in tears, since Jesus takes leave of me, yet his Testament brings me joy.

His flesh and blood, O treasure, he bequeaths to my hands. Just as in the world, among his own, he could not wish them harm Just so he loves them to the end.

## **17. Aria - Soprano**

*Ich will dir mein Herze schenken,  
Senke dich, mein Heil, hinein!  
Ich will mich in dir versenken;  
Ist dir gleich die Welt zu klein,  
Ei, so sollst du mir allein  
Mehr als Welt und Himmel sein.*

I will give you my heart; sink within, my Saviour! I will sink into you; although the world is too small for you, ah, you alone shall be for me more than heaven and earth.

## **18. Recitative - Evangelist and Jesus Evangelist**

*Und da sie den Lobgesang gesprochen  
hatten, gingen sie hinaus an den Ölberg.  
Da sprach Jesus zu ihnen:*

When they had sung the hymn, they went out to the Mount of Olives. Then Jesus said to them,

## **Jesus**

*In dieser Nacht werdet ihr euch alle ärgern an mir. Denn es steht geschrieben: Ich werde den Hirten schlagen, und die Schafe der Herde werden sich zerstreuen. Wenn ich aber auferstehe, will ich vor euch hingehen in Galiläam.*

"You will all become deserters because of me this night; for it is written, 'I will strike the shepherd, and the sheep of the flock will be scattered.' But after I am raised up, I will go ahead of you to Galilee."

## **19. Chorale**

*Erkenne mich, mein Hüter,  
Mein Hirte, nimm mich an!  
Von dir, Quell aller Güter,  
Ist mir viel Guts getan.*

Acknowledge me, my Guardian; my Shepherd, take me in! From you, source of all goodness, has much good come to me.

*Dein Mund hat mich gelabet  
Mit Milch und süßer Kost,  
Dein Geist hat mich begabet  
Mit mancher Himmelslust.*

Your mouth has nourished me  
with milk and sweet sustenance;  
your spirit has lavished upon me  
much heavenly joy.

## 20. Recitative - Evangelist, Peter, and Jesus

**Evangelist**

*Petrus aber antwortete und sprach zu ihm:* Peter said to him,

**Peter**

*Wenn sie auch alle sich an dir ärgerten,  
so will ich doch mich nimmermehr ärgern.*

"Though all become deserters  
because of you, I will never desert you."

**Evangelist**

*Jesus sprach zu ihm:*

Jesus said to him,

**Jesus**

*Wahrlich, ich sage dir: In dieser  
Nacht, ehe der Hahn krähet, wirst  
du mich dreimal verleugnen.*

"Truly I tell you, this very night,  
before the cock crows,  
you will deny me three times."

**Evangelist**

*Petrus sprach zu ihm:*

Peter said to him,

**Peter**

*Und wenn ich mit dir sterben müßte,  
so will ich dich nicht verfeugnen.*

"Even though I must die with you,  
I will not deny you."

**Evangelist**

*Desgleichen sagten auch alle Jünger.*

And so said all the disciples.

## 21. Chorale

*Ich will hier bei dir stehen  
Verachte mich doch nicht!  
Von dir will ich nicht gehen,  
Wenn dir dein Herz bricht.  
Wenn dein Herz wird erblassen  
Im letzten Todesstoß,  
Als denn will ich dich fassen  
In meinen Arm und Schoß.*

I will stay here with you;  
do not scorn me!  
I will not leave you,  
even as your heart breaks.  
When your heart grows pale  
at the last stroke of death,  
then I will hold you fast  
in my arm and bosom.

## 22. Recitative - Evangelist and Jesus

**Evangelist**

*Da kam Jesus mit ihnen zu einem Hofe,  
der hieß Gethsemane, und sprach  
zu seinen Jüngern:*

Then Jesus went with them to a place  
called Gethsemane;  
and he said to his disciples,

**Jesus**

*Setzet euch hie, bis daß ich dort  
hingehe und bete.*

"Sit here while I go over there  
and pray."

**Evangelist**

*Und nahm zu sich Petrum und die  
zween Söhne Zebedäi und fing  
an zu trauern und zu zagen.  
Da sprach Jesus zu ihnen:*

He took with him Peter and the  
two sons of Zebedee, and began  
to be grieved and agitated.  
Then he said to them,

**Jesus**

*Meine Seele ist betrübt bis  
an den Tod, bleibtet hie  
und wachet mit mir.*

"I am deeply grieved,  
even to death; remain here,  
and stay awake with me."

**23. Recitative - Tenor and Chorus****Tenor**

*O Schmerz!  
Hier zittert das gequälte Herz;  
Wie sinkt es hin, wie bleicht sein Angesicht!*

O pain!  
Here the tormented heart trembles;  
how it sinks down, how his face pales!

**Chorus**

*Was ist die Ursach aller solcher Plagen?*

What is the cause of all this trouble?

**Tenor**

*Der Richter führt ihn vor Gericht.  
Da ist kein Trost, kein Helfer nicht.*

The Judge leads him before judgment.  
No comfort, no helper is there.

**Chorus**

*Ach! Meine Sünden haben dich geschlagen; Alas! My sins have struck you down.*

**Tenor**

*Er leidet alle Höllenqualen,  
Er soll vor fremden Raub bezahlen.*

He suffers all the torments of Hell;  
he must pay for the crimes of others.

**Chorus**

*Ich, ach Herr Jesu, habe dies verschuldet  
Was du erduldet.*

I, alas, Lord Jesus, have earned this,  
all that you endure.

**Tenor**

*Ach, könnte meine Liebe dir,  
Mein Heil, dein Zittern und dein Zagen  
Vermindern oder helfen tragen,  
Wie gerne blieb ich hier!*

Ah! Could my love for you,  
my Saviour, diminish or bring aid  
to your trembling and your despair,  
how gladly would I stay here!

**24. Aria - Tenor and Chorus****Tenor**

*Ich will bei meinem Jesu wachen,*

I will watch beside my Jesus.

**Chorus**

*So schlafen unsre Sünden ein.*

So our sins fall asleep.

**Tenor**

*Meinen Tod  
Büßet seine Seelennot,  
Sein Trauren macht mich voll Freuden.*

My death  
is atoned for by his soul's anguish;  
his sorrow makes me full of joy.

**Chorus**

*Drum muß uns sein verdienstlich Leiden  
Recht bitter und doch süße sein.*

Therefore His meritorious passion  
must be truly bitter and yet sweet to us.

**25. Recitative - Evangelist and Jesus****Evangelist**

*Und ging hin ein wenig, fiel nieder  
auf sein Angesicht und betete  
und sprach:*

And going a little farther,  
he threw himself on the ground  
and prayed,

### **Jesus**

*Mein Vater, ist's möglich,  
so gehe dieser Kelch von mir;  
doch nicht wie ich will,  
sondern wie du willt.*

"My Father, if it is possible,  
let this cup pass from me;  
yet not what I want  
but what you want."

### **26. Recitative - Bass**

*Der Heiland fällt vor seinem Vater nieder;  
Dadurch erhebt er sich und alle  
Von unserm Falle  
Hinauf zu Gottes Gnade wieder.  
Er ist bereit,  
Den Kelch, des Todes Bitterkeit  
Zu trinken,  
In welchen Sünden dieser Welt  
Gegossen sind und häßlich stinken,  
Weil es dem lieben Gott gefällt.*

The Saviour falls down before his Father;  
through this he lifts up himself and  
everyone from our fall  
to God's grace again.  
He is ready  
to drink the cup of  
death's bitterness,  
in which the sins of this world  
are poured and which stink horribly,  
since it is pleasing to our loving God.

### **27. Aria - Bass**

*Gerne will ich mich bequemen,  
Kreuz und Becher anzunehmen  
Trink ich doch dem Heiland nach.*

Gladly will I force myself to  
take on the Cross and Chalice;  
thus I drink as my Saviour did.

### **28. Recitative - Evangelist and Jesus Evangelist**

*Und er kam zu seinen Jüngern und  
fand sie schlafend und sprach  
zu ihnen:*

Then he came to the disciples  
and found them sleeping;  
and he said to Peter,

### **Jesus**

*Könnet ihr denn nicht eine Stunde  
mit mir wachen? Wachet und  
betet, daß ihr nicht in Anfechtung  
falle! Der Geist ist willig, aber  
das Fleisch ist schwach.*

"So, could you not stay awake  
with me one hour? Stay awake  
and pray that you may not come  
into the time of trial; the spirit  
indeed is willing, but the flesh is weak."

### **Evangelist**

*Zum andernmal ging er hin,  
betete und sprach:*

Again he went away for the  
second time and prayed,

### **Jesus**

*Mein Vater, ist's nicht möglich,  
daß dieser Kelch von mir gehe,  
ich trinke ihn denn,  
so geschehe dein Wille.*

"My Father, if this cannot pass  
unless I drink it, your will be done."

### **29. Chorale**

*Was mein Gott will, das g'scheh allzeit,  
Sein Will, der ist der beste,  
Zu helfen den' er ist bereit,  
Die an ihn gläuben feste.  
Er hilft aus Not, der fromme Gott,  
Und züchtigt mit Maßen.  
Wer Gott vertraut, fest auf ihn baut,  
Den will er nicht verlassen.*

What my God wills always occurs;  
his will is the best.  
He is ready to help those  
who believe firmly in him.  
He gives aid in need, this righteous God,  
and punishes with measure.  
Who trusts in God and builds firmly on him  
God will never abandon.

### **30. Recitative - Evangelist, Jesus, and Judas**

#### **Evangelist**

*Und er kam und fand sie aber schlafend,  
und ihre Augen waren voll Schlafs.  
Und er ließ sie und ging abermal hin  
und betete zum drittenmal und redete  
dieselbigen Worte. Da kam er zu seinen  
Jüngern und sprach zu ihnen:*

#### **Jesus**

*Ach! wollt ihr nun schlafen und ruhen?  
Siehe, die Stunde ist hie, daß des  
Menschen Sohn in der Sünder Hände  
überantwortet wird. Stehet auf,  
lasset uns gehen; siehe,  
er ist da, der mich verrät.*

#### **Evangelist**

*Und als er noch redete, siehe,  
da kam Judas, der Zwölften einer,  
und mit ihm eine große Schar  
mit Schwertern und mit Stangen  
von den Hohenpriestern und Ältesten  
des Volks. Und der Verräter hatte  
ihnen ein Zeichen gegeben  
und gesagt: "Welchen ich küssen  
werde, der ists, den greift!"  
Und alsbald trat er zu Jesu und sprach:*

#### **Judas**

*Gegrüßet seist du, Rabbi!*

#### **Evangelist**

*Und küssete ihn.  
Jesus aber sprach zu ihm:*

#### **Jesus**

*Mein Freund, warum bist du kommen?*

#### **Evangelist**

*Da traten sie hinzu und legten  
die Hände an Jesum und griffen ihn.*

### **31. Duet - Soprano, Alto, and Chorus**

#### **Duet**

*So ist mein Jesus nun gefangen.  
  
Chorus  
Laßt ihn, haltet, bindet nicht!  
  
Duet  
Mond und Licht  
Ist vor Schmerzen untergangen,  
Weil mein Jesus ist gefangen.*

#### **Chorus**

*Laßt ihn, haltet, bindet nicht!*

Again he came and found them sleeping,  
for their eyes were heavy. So leaving them  
again, he went away and prayed for the  
third time, saying the same words.  
Then he came to the disciples and said to  
them,

"Are you still sleeping and taking your rest?  
See, the hour is at hand, and the Son of Man  
is betrayed into the hands of sinners.  
Get up, let us be going.  
See, my betrayer is at hand."

While he was still speaking, Judas,  
one of the twelve, arrived; with him was  
a large crowd with swords and clubs,  
from the chief priests and the elders  
of the people. Now the betrayer had given  
them a sign, saying, "The one I will kiss  
is the man; arrest him."  
At once he came up to Jesus and said,

"Greetings, Rabbi!"

And kissed him.  
Jesus said to him,

"Friend, do what you are here to do."

Then they came and laid hands on Jesus  
and arrested him.

Thus my Jesus now is captured.

Loose him, stop, don't bind him!

Moon and light  
for sorrow have set,  
since my Jesus is captured.

Loose him, stop, don't bind him!

## Duet

Sie führen ihn, er ist gebunden.

They take him away; he is bound.

## Chorus

*Sind Blitze, sind Donner in Wolken verschwunden?  
Eröffne den feurigen Abgrund, o Hölle, Zertrümmre, verderbe, verschlinge, zerschelle  
Mit plötzlicher Wut  
Den falschen Verräter, das mördrische Blut!*

Are lightning and thunder extinguished in the clouds?  
Open the fiery abyss, O Hell,  
crush, destroy, devour, smash  
with sudden rage  
the false betrayer, the murderous blood!

## 32. Recitative - Evangelist and Jesus

### Evangelist

*Und siehe, einer aus denen, die mit Jesu waren, reckete die Hand aus und schlug des Hohenpriesters Knecht und hieb ihm ein Ohr ab.  
Da sprach Jesus zu ihm:*

Suddenly, one of those with Jesus put his hand on his sword, drew it, and struck the slave of the high priest, cutting off his ear. Then Jesus said to him,

### Jesus

*Stecke dein Schwert an seinen Ort; denn wer das Schwert nimmt, der soll durchs Schwert umkommen.  
Oder meinst du, daß ich nicht könnte meinen Vater bitten, daß er mir zuschickte mehr denn zwölf Legion Engel? Wie würde aber die Schrift erfüllt? Es muß also gehen.*

"Put your sword back into its place; for all who take the sword will perish by the sword. Do you think that I cannot appeal to my Father, and he will at once send me more than twelve legions of angels? But how then would the scriptures be fulfilled, which say it must happen in this way?"

### Evangelist

*Zu der Stund sprach Jesus zu den Scharen: At that hour Jesus said to the crowds,*

### Jesus

*Ihr seid ausgegangen als zu einem Mörder, mit Schwertern und mit Stangen, mich zu fahnen; bin ich doch täglich bei euch gesessen und habe gelehret im Tempel, und ihr habt mich nicht gegriffen. Aber das ist alles geschehen, daß erfüllt würden die Schriften der Propheten.*

"Have you come out with swords and clubs to arrest me as though I were a bandit? Day after day I sat in the temple teaching, and you did not arrest me. But all this has taken place, so that the scriptures of the prophets may be fulfilled."

### Evangelist

*Da verließen ihn alle Jünger und flohen.*

Then all the disciples deserted him and fled.

## 33. Chorale

*Jesum laß ich nicht von mir, geh ihm ewig an der Seiten; Christus läßt mich für und für zu dem Lebensbächlein leiten.  
Selig, wer mit mir so spricht:  
Meinen Jesum laß ich nicht.*

I shall not let Jesus go from me,  
I shall go always by his side;  
for ever and ever Christ will lead me to the waters of life.  
Blessed are they who say with me;  
I shall not leave my Jesus.

\* \* \* \* \*

## INTERMISSION

\* \* \* \* \*

## Part Two

### 34. Recitative - Evangelist

*Die aber Jesum gegriffen hatten,  
führten ihn zu dem Hohenpriester  
Kaiphas, dahin die Schriftgelehrten  
und Ältesten sich versammlet hatten.  
Petrus aber folgte ihm nach von ferne  
bis in den Palast des Hohenpriesters  
und ging hinein und setzte sich  
bei die Knechte, auf daß er sähe,  
wo es hinaus wollte. Die Hohenpriester  
aber und Ältesten und der ganze Rat  
suchten falsche Zeugnis wider Jesum,  
auf daß sie ihn töteten, und fanden keines.*

Those who had arrested Jesus took him to Caiaphas the high priest, in whose house the scribes and the elders had gathered. But Peter was following him at a distance, as far as the courtyard of the high priest; and going inside, he sat with the guards in order to see how this would end. Now the chief priests and the whole council were looking for false testimony against Jesus so that they might put him to death, but they found none.

### 35. Chorale

*Mir hat die Welt trüglich gericht'  
Mit Lügen und mit falschem G'dicht,  
Viel Netz und heimlich Stricke.  
Herr, nimm mein wahr in dieser G'fahr,  
B'hüt mich für falschen Tücken!*

The world has judged me deceitfully, with lies and false statements, many traps and secret snares. Lord, perceive me truthfully in this danger; protect me from malicious falsehoods!

### 36. Recitative - Evangelist, Witnesses, and High Priest

#### Evangelist

*Und wiewohl viel falsche Zeugen  
herzutraten, fanden sie doch keins.  
Zuletzt traten herzu zween falsche  
Zeugen und sprachen:*

And though many false witnesses came forward, they still found none. At last two came forward and said,

#### First and Second Witnesses

*Er hat gesagt: Ich kann den Tempel  
Gottes abbrechen und in dreien  
Tagen denselben bauen.*

"This fellow said, 'I am able to destroy the temple of God and to build it in three days.'

#### Evangelist

*Und der Hohepriester stund auf  
und sprach zu ihm:*

The high priest stood up and said,

#### High Priest

*Antwortest du nichts zu dem,  
das diese wider dich zeugen?*

"Have you no answer? What is it that they testify against you?"

#### Evangelist

*Aber Jesus schwieg stille.*

But Jesus was silent.

### **37. Recitative and Aria - Tenor**

*Mein Jesus schweigt  
Zu falschen Lügen stille,  
Um uns damit zu zeigen,  
Daß sein Erbarmens voller Wille  
Vor uns zum Leiden sei geneigt,  
Und daß wir in dergleichen Pein  
Ihm sollen ähnlich sein  
Und in Verfolgung stille schweigen.  
Geduld, Geduld!  
Wenn mich falsche Zungen stechen.  
Leid ich wider meine Schuld  
Schimpf und Spott,  
Leid ich Schimpf und Spott,  
Ah, so mag der liebe Gott  
Meines Herzens Unschuld rächen*

My Jesus is silent  
at false lies  
in order to show us  
that his merciful will  
is bent on suffering for us,  
and that we, in the same trouble,  
should be like him and keep  
silent under persecution.  
Patience, patience!  
When false tongues sting me.  
I suffer contrary to my guilt.  
Abuse and scorn,  
I suffer abuse and scorn.  
Ah! So may dear God  
avenge the innocence of my heart.

### **38. Recitative - Evangelist, High Priest, Jesus, and Chorus**

#### **Evangelist**

*Und der Hohepriester antwortete  
und sprach zu ihm:*

Then the high priest said to him,

#### **High Priest**

*Ich beschwöre dich bei dem  
lebendigen Gott, daß du uns sagest,  
ob du seiest Christus, der Sohn Gottes?*

"I put you under oath before  
the living God, tell us if you are  
the Messiah, the Son of God."

#### **Evangelist**

*Jesus sprach zu ihm:*

Jesus said to him,

#### **Jesus**

*Du sagest's. Doch sage ich euch:  
Von nun an wird's geschehen,  
daß ihr sehen werdet des Menschen  
Sohn sitzen zur Rechten der  
Kraft und kommen in den  
Wolken des Himmels.*

"You have said so. But I tell you,  
From now on you will see the Son  
of Man seated at the right hand  
of Power and coming on the  
clouds of heaven."

#### **Evangelist**

*Da zerriß der Hohepriester  
seine Kleider und sprach:*

Then the high priest tore his  
clothes and said,

#### **High Priest**

*Er hat Gott gelästert; was dürfen  
wir weiter Zeugnis? Siehe, itzt  
habt ihr seine Gotteslästerung  
gehört. Was dünket euch?*

"He has blasphemed!  
Why do we still need witnesses?  
You have now heard his blasphemy.  
What is your verdict?"

#### **Evangelist**

*Sie antworteten und sprachen:*

They answered,

#### **Chorus**

*Er ist des Todes schuldig!*

"He deserves death."

#### **Evangelist**

*Da speieten sie aus in sein  
Angesicht und schlugen ihn mit  
Fäusten. Etliche aber schlugen  
ihn ins Angesicht und sprachen:*

Then they spat in his face  
and struck him; and some  
slapped him, saying,

**Chorus**

Weissage uns, Christe,  
wer ist's, der dich schlug?

"Prophesy to us, you Messiah!  
Who is it that struck you?"

**39. Chorale**

Wer hat dich so geschlagen,  
Mein Heil, und dich mit Plagen  
So übel zugericht?  
Du bist ja nicht ein Sünder  
Wie wir und unsre Kinder;  
Von Missetaten weist du nicht.

Who has struck you thus,  
my Saviour, and with torments  
so evilly used you?  
You are not at all a sinner  
like us and our children.  
You know nothing of transgressions.

**40. Recitative - Evangelist, First and Second Maids, Peter, and Chorus****Evangelist**

Petrus aber saß draußen im Palast;  
und es trat zu ihm eine Magd  
und sprach:

Now Peter was sitting outside in the  
courtyard. A servant-girl came to him  
and said,

**First Maid**

Und du warest auch mit dem Jesu  
aus Galiläa.

"You also were with Jesus the  
Galilean."

**Evangelist**

Er leugnete aber vor ihnen allen  
und sprach:

But he denied it before all of them,  
saying,

**Peter**

Ich weiß nicht, was du sagest.

"I do not know what you are talking about."

**Evangelist**

Als er aber zur Tür hinausging, sahe ihn  
eine andere und sprach zu denen,  
die da waren:

When he went out to the porch, another  
servant-girl saw him, and she said to  
the bystanders,

**Second Maid**

Dieser war auch mit dem Jesu von  
Nazareth.

"This man was with Jesus of  
Nazareth."

**Evangelist**

Und er leugnete abermal und schwur dazu: Again he denied it with an oath,

"I do not know the man."

**Peter.**

Ich kenne des Menschen nicht.

After a little while the bystanders came up  
and said to Peter,

**Chorus**

Wahrlich, du bist auch einer von denen;  
denn deine Sprache verrät dich.

"Certainly you are also one of them,  
for your accent betrays you."

**Evangelist**

Da hub er an, sich zu verfluchen  
und zu schwören:

Then he began to curse,  
and he swore an oath,

**Peter**

Ich kenne des Menschen nicht.

"I do not know the man!"

**Evangelist**

*Und alsbald krähete der Hahn. Da dachte Petrus an die Worte Jesu, da er zu ihm sagte:  
Ehe der Hahn krähen wird, wirst du mich dreimal verleugnen.  
Und ging heraus und weinete bitterlich.*

At that moment the cock crowed. Then Peter remembered what Jesus had said:  
“Before the cock crows, you will deny me three times.”  
And he went out and wept bitterly.

**41. Aria - Alto**

*Erbarme dich, Mein Gott,  
Um meiner Zähen willen!  
Schau hier, Herz und Auge  
Weint vor dir bitterlich.  
Erbarme dich, erbarme dich!*

Have mercy, my God,  
for the sake of my tears!  
Look here: heart and eyes  
weep bitterly for you.  
Have mercy, have mercy!

**42. Chorale**

*Bin ich gleich von dir gewichen,  
Stell ich mich doch wieder ein;  
Hat uns doch dein Sohn verglichen  
Durch sein' Angst und Todespein.  
Ich verleugne nicht die Schuld,  
Aber deine Gnad und Huld  
Ist viel größer als die Sünde,  
Die ich stets in mir befinde.*

Although I have been separated from you, yet I return again; even so your Son set the example for us through his anguish and mortal pain. I do not deny my guilt, but your grace and mercy are much greater than the sins that I constantly discover in myself.

**43. Recitative - Evangelist, Judas, Chorus, and High Priests****Evangelist**

*Des Morgens aber hielten alle Hohepriester und die Ältesten des Volks einen Rat über Jesum, daß sie ihn töten. Und bunden ihn, führten ihn hin und überantworteten ihn dem Landpfleger Pontio Pilato. Da das sahe Judas, der ihn verraten hatte, daß er verdammt war zum Tode, gereuete es ihn und brachte herwieder die dreißig Silberlinge den Hohenpriestern und Ältesten und sprach:*

When morning came, all the chief priests and the elders of the people conferred together against Jesus in order to bring about his death. They bound him, led him away, and handed him over to Pilate the governor. When Judas, his betrayer, saw that Jesus was condemned, he repented and brought back the thirty pieces of silver to the chief priests and the elders. He said,

**Judas**

*Ich habe übel getan, daß ich unschuldig Blut verraten habe.*

“I have sinned by betraying innocent blood.”

**Evangelist**

*Sie sprachen:*

But they said,

**Chorus**

*Was gehet uns das an? Da siehe du zu!*

“What is that to us? See to it yourself.”

**Evangelist**

*Und er warf die Silberlinge in den Tempel, hub sich davon, ging hin und erhängte sich selbst. Aber die Hohenpriester nahmen die Silberlinge und sprachen:*

Throwing down the pieces of silver in the temple, he departed; and he went and hanged himself. But the chief priests, taking the pieces of silver, said,

**First and Second High Priests**

*Es taugt nicht, daß wir sie in den*

“It is not lawful to put them

*Gotteskasten legen, denn es ist Blutgeld.*

#### **44. Aria - Bass**

*Gebt mir meinen Jesum wieder!  
Seht, das Geld, den Mörderlohn,  
Wirft euch der verlorne Sohn  
Zu den Füßen nieder!*

into the treasury, since they are blood money."

Give me my Jesus back!  
See the money, the murderer's fee,  
tossed at your feet by the lost son!

#### **45. Recitative - Evangelist, Pilate, and Jesus**

##### **Evangelist**

*Sie hielten aber einen Rat und kauften einen Töpfersacker darum zum Begräbnis der Pilger. Daher ist derselbe Acker genannt der Blutacker bis auf den heutigen Tag. Da ist erfüllt, das gesagt ist durch den Propheten Jeremias, da er spricht: "Sie haben genommen dreißig Silberlinge, damit bezahlet ward der Verkaufte, welchen sie kauften von den Kindern Israel, und haben sie gegeben um einen Töpfersacker, als mir der Herr befohlen hat." Jesus aber stand vor dem Landpfleger; und der Landpfleger fragte ihn und sprach:*

After conferring together, they used them to buy the potter's field as a place to bury foreigners. For this reason that field has been called the Field of Blood to this day. Then was fulfilled what had been spoken through the prophet Jeremiah, "And they took the thirty pieces of silver, the price of the one on whom a price had been set, on whom some of the people of Israel had set a price, and they gave them for the potter's field, as the Lord commanded me." Now Jesus stood before the governor; and the governor asked him,

##### **Pilate**

*Bist du der Jüden König?*

"Are you the King of the Jews?"

##### **Evangelist**

*Jesus aber sprach zu ihm:*

Jesus said,

##### **Jesus**

*Du sagtest's.*

"You say so."

##### **Evangelist**

*Und da er verklagt war von den Hohenpriestern und Ältesten, antwortete er nichts. Da sprach Pilatus zu ihm:*

But when he was accused by the chief priests and elders, he did not answer. Then Pilate said to him,

##### **Pilate**

*Hörtest du nicht, wie hart sie dich verklagen?*

"Do you not hear how many accusations they make against you?"

##### **Evangelist**

*Und er antwortete ihm nicht auf ein Wort, also, daß sich auch der Landpfleger sehr verwunderte.*

But he gave him no answer, not even to a single charge, so that the governor was greatly amazed.

#### **46. Chorale**

*Befiehl du deine Wege  
Und was dein Herze kränkt  
Der allertreusten Pflege  
Des, der den Himmel lenkt.  
Der Wolken, Luft und Winden  
Gibt Wege, Lauf und Bahn,  
Der wird auch Wege finden,  
Da dein Fuß gehen kann.*

Commit your path and whatever troubles your heart to the most faithful caretaker—he who directs the heavens and gives path, course, and passage to the clouds, air, and winds. He will also find ways for your feet to follow.

#### **47. Recitative - Evangelist, Pilate, Pilate's Wife, and Chorus**

##### **Evangelist**

*Auf das Fest aber hatte der Landpfleger Gewohnheit, dem Volk einen Gefangenen loszugeben, welchen sie wollten. Er hatte aber zu der Zeit einen Gefangenen, einen sonderlichen vor andern, der hieß Barrabas. Und da sie versammlet waren, sprach Pilatus zu ihnen:*

##### **Pilate**

*Welchen wollet ihr, daß ich euch losgebe? Barrabam oder Jesum, von dem gesaget wird, er sei Christus?*

##### **Evangelist**

*Denn er wußte wohl, daß sie ihn aus Neid überantwortet hatten. Und da er auf dem Richtstuhl saß, schickete sein Weib zu ihm und ließ ihm sagen:*

##### **Pilate's Wife**

*Habe du nichts zu schaffen mit diesem Gerechten; ich habe heute viel erlitten im Traum von seinetwegen!*

##### **Evangelist**

*Aber die Hohenpriester und die Ältesten überredeten das Volk, daß sie um Barrabam bitten sollten und Jesum umbrächten. Da antwortete nun der Landpfleger und sprach zu ihnen:*

##### **Pilate**

*Welchen wollt ihr unter diesen zweien, den ich euch soll losgeben?*

##### **Evangelist**

*Sie sprachen:*

##### **Chorus**

*Barrabam!*

##### **Evangelist**

*Pilatus sprach zu ihnen:*

##### **Pilate**

*Was soll ich denn machen mit Jesu, von dem gesagt wird, er sei Christus?*

##### **Evangelist**

*Sie sprachen alle:*

##### **Chorus**

*Laß ihn kreuzigen!*

Now at the festival the governor was accustomed to release a prisoner for the crowd, anyone whom they wanted. At that time they had a notorious prisoner, called Jesus Barabbas. So after they had gathered, Pilate said to them,

"Whom do you want me to release for you, Jesus Barabbas or Jesus, Who is called the Messiah?"

For he realized that it was out of jealousy that they had handed him over. While he was sitting on the judgment seat, his wife sent word to him,

"Have nothing to do with that innocent man, for today I have suffered a great deal because of a dream about him."

Now the chief priests and the elders persuaded the crowds to ask for Barabbas and to have Jesus killed. The governor again said to them,

"Which of the two do you want me to release for you?"

And they said,

Barabbas!

Pilate said to them,

"Then what should I do with Jesus, Who is called the Messiah?"

All of them said:

"Let him be crucified!"

How strange is this punishment!  
The Good Shepherd suffers for the sheep.

#### **48. Chorale**

*Wie wunderbarlich ist doch diese Strafe! Der gute Hirte leidet für die Schafe,*

*Die Schuld bezahlt der Herre, der Gerechte, The Lord, the righteous One, atones  
Für seine Knechte.*

#### **49. Recitative - Evangelist and Pilate**

**Evangelist**

*Der Landpfleger sagte:*

**Pilate**

*Was hat er denn Übels getan?*

#### **50. Recitative - Soprano**

*Er hat uns allen wohlgetan,  
Den Blinden gab er das Gesicht,  
Die Lahmen macht' er gehend,  
Er sagt' uns seines Vaters Wort,  
Er trieb die Teufel fort,  
Betrübte hat er aufgerichtet,  
Er nahm die Sünder auf und an.  
Sonst hat mein Jesus nichts getan.*

#### **51. Aria - Soprano**

*Aus Liebe will mein Heiland sterben,  
Von einer Sünde weiß er nichts.  
Daß das ewige Verderben  
Und die Strafe des Gerichts  
Nicht auf meiner Seele bliebe.*

#### **52. Recitative - Evangelist, Pilate, Chorus**

**Evangelist**

*Sie schrieen aber noch mehr und sprachen:* But they shouted all the more,

**Chorus**

*Laß ihn kreuzigen!*

**Evangelist**

*Da aber Pilatus sahe, daß er nichts schaffete, sondern daß ein viel größer Getümmel ward, nahm er Wasser und wusch die Hände vor dem Volk und sprach:*

**Pilate**

*Ich bin unschuldig an dem Blut dieses Gerechten, sehet ihr zu.*

**Evangelist**

*Da antwortete das ganze Volk und sprach:*

**Chorus**

*Sein Blut komme über uns und unsre Kinder.*

**Evangelist**

*Da gab er ihnen Barrabam los; aber Jesum ließ er geißeln und überantwortete ihn, daß er gekreuzigt würde.*

Then the governor asked,

"Why, what evil has he done?"

To us he has done all things well;  
The blind man sight from him received,  
The lame man leaped and walked;  
he told us of his Father's word,  
he sent the devils forth,  
The mourners he has comforted,  
And sinners, too, he has received,  
Besides this, Jesus nought has done.

Out of love my Saviour wants to die,  
though he knows nothing of a single sin,  
so that the eternal destruction  
and the punishment of judgment  
would not remain upon my soul.

"Let him be crucified!"

So when Pilate saw that he could do nothing, but rather that a riot was beginning, he took some water and washed his hands before the crowd, saying,

"I am innocent of this man's blood; see to it yourselves."

Then the people as a whole answered,

"His blood be on us and on our children!"

So he released Barabbas for them; and after flogging Jesus, he handed him over to be crucified.

### **53. Recitative - Alto**

*Erbarm es Gott!*

*Hier steht der Heiland angebunden,  
O Geißelung, o Schläg, o Wunden!  
Ihr Henker, haltet ein!  
Erweichet euch  
Der Seelen Schmerz,  
Der Anblick solches Jammers nicht?  
Ach ja! ihr habt ein Herz,  
Das muß der Martersäule gleich  
Und noch viel härter sein.  
Erbarmt euch, haltet ein!*

### **54. Aria - Alto**

*Können Tränen meiner Wangen  
Nichts erlangen,  
O, so nehmt mein Herz hinein!  
Aber laß es bei den Fluten,  
Wenn die Wunden milde bluten,  
Auch die Opferschale sein!*

### **55. Recitative - Evangelist, Chorus Evangelist**

*Da nahmen die Kriegsknechte des  
Landpflegers Jesum zu sich in  
das Richthaus und sammelten  
über ihn die ganze Schar und zogen  
ihn aus und legeten ihm einen  
Purpurmantel an und flochten eine  
dornene Krone und setzten sie  
auf sein Haupt und ein Rohr in seine  
rechte Hand und beugeten die Knie  
vor ihm und spotteten ihn und sprachen:*

#### **Chorus**

*Gegrüßet seist du, Jüdenkönig!*

#### **Evangelist**

*Und speieten ihn an und nahmen das  
Rohr und schlugen damit sein Haupt.*

### **56. Chorale**

*O Haupt voll Blut und Wunden,  
Voll Schmerz und voller Hohn,  
O Haupt, zu Spott gebunden  
Mit einer Dornenkron,  
O Haupt, sonst schön gezieret  
Mit höchster Ehr und Zier,  
Jetzt aber hoch schimpfieret,  
Gegrüßet seist du mir!  
Du edles Angesichte,  
Dafür sonst schrickt und scheut  
Das große Weltgerichte,  
Wie bist du so bespeit;  
Wie bist du so erbleicht!  
Wer hat dein Augenlicht,  
Dem sonst kein Licht nicht gleichet,  
So schändlich zugericht?*

*Forgive this, God!*

*Here stands the Saviour bound,  
O scourging, O blows, O wounds!  
You hangmen, stop!  
Doesn't the soul's anguish,  
the sight of such horror, soften you?  
Alas indeed! You have such hearts  
that are like the whipping posts  
themselves and even much harder.  
Have mercy; stop!*

*If the tears on my cheeks  
can do nothing, O then  
take my heart as well!  
Yet let it, for the flow,  
when the wounds gently bleed,  
be the offering-bowl as well.*

*Then the soldiers of the governor took  
Jesus into the governor's headquarters,  
and they gathered the whole cohort  
around him. They stripped him and put a  
scarlet robe on him, and after twisting  
some thorns into a crown, they put it  
on his head. They put a reed in his right  
hand and knelt before him  
and mocked him, saying,*

*"Hail, King of the Jews!"*

*They spat on him, and took the reed  
and struck him on the head.*

*O Head, full of blood and wounds,  
full of suffering and shame!  
O Head, bound in mockery  
with a crown of thorns!  
O Head, once beautifully adorned  
with the highest honor and beauty,  
now rather supremely defiled:  
be greeted by me!  
You noble countenance, before  
which the great powers of the world  
should rather tremble and cower,  
how spat upon you are.  
How ashen you have become!  
Who has treated the light of your eyes,  
which is like no other light,  
so shamefully?*

## 57. Recitative - Evangelist

*Und da sie ihn verspottet hatten,  
zogen sie ihm den Mantel aus und  
zogen ihm seine Kleider an und  
führten ihn hin, daß sie ihn kreuzigten.  
Und indem sie hinausgingen,  
fund sie einen Menschen von Kyrene  
mit Namen Simon; den zwangen sie,  
daß er ihm sein Kreuz trug.*

After mocking him, they stripped him of the robe and put his own clothes on him. Then they led him away to crucify him. As they went out, they came upon a man from Cyrene named Simon; they compelled this man to carry his cross.

## 58. Recitative - Evangelist and Chorus

### Evangelist

*Und da sie an die Stätte kamen mit Namen Golgatha, das ist verdeutschet Schädelstätt, gaben sie ihm Essig zu trinken mit Gallen vermischet; und da er's schmeckete, wollte er's nicht trinken. Da sie ihn aber gekreuziget hatten, teilten sie seine Kleider und würfen das Los darum, auf daß erfüllt würde, das gesagt ist durch den Propheten: "Sie haben meine Kleider unter sich geteilet, und über mein Gewand haben sie das Los geworfen." Und sie salßen allda und hüüteten sein. Und oben zu seinen Häupten hefteten sie die Ursach seines Todes beschrieben, nämlich: "Dies ist Jesus, der Jüden König." Und da wurden zween Mörder mit ihm gekreuziget, einer zur Rechten und einer zur Linken. Die aber vorübergingen, lästerten ihn und schüttelten ihre Köpfe und sprachen:*

And when they came to a place called Golgotha (which means Place of a Skull), they offered him wine to drink, mixed with gall; but when he tasted it, he would not drink it. And when they had crucified him, they divided his clothes among themselves by casting lots; then they sat down there and kept watch over him. Over his head they put the charge against him, which read, "This is Jesus, the King of the Jews." Then two bandits were crucified with him, one on his right and one on his left. Those who passed by derided him, shaking their heads and saying,

### Chorus

*Der du den Tempel Gottes zerbrichst und bauest ihn in dreien Tagen, hilf dir selber! Bist du Gottes Sohn, so steig herab vom Kreuz!*

"You who would destroy the temple and build it in three days, save yourself! If you are the Son of God, come down from the cross."

### Evangelist

*Desgleichen auch die Hohenpriester spotteten sein samt den Schriftgelehrten und Ältesten und sprachen:*

In the same way the chief priests also, along with the scribes and elders, were mocking him, saying,

### Chorus

*Andern hat er geholfen und kann ihm selber nicht helfen. Ist er der König Israel, so steige er nun vom Kreuz, so wollen wir ihm glauben. Er hat Gott vertrauet, der erlöse ihn nun, lüstet's ihn; denn er hat gesagt: Ich bin Gottes Sohn.*

"He saved others; he cannot save himself. He is the King of Israel; let him come down from the cross now, and we will believe in him. He trusts in God; let God deliver him now, if he wants to; for he said, 'I am God's Son.'"

### Evangelist

*Desgleichen schmäheten ihn auch die Mörder, die mit ihm gekreuziget waren.*

The bandits who were crucified with him also taunted him in the same way.

## 59. Recitative - Alto

*Ach Golgatha, unselges Golgatha!*

Alas, Golgatha, unhappy Golgatha!

*Der Herr der Herrlichkeit  
Muß schimpflich hier verderben,  
Der Segen und das Heil der Welt  
Wird als ein Fluch ans Kreuz gestellt.  
Der Schöpfer Himmels und der Erden,  
Soll Erd und Luft entzogen werden.  
Die Unschuld muß hier schuldig sterben,  
Das gehet meiner Seele nah;  
Ach Golgatha, unselges Golgatha!*

The Lord of glory  
must shamefully perish here,  
the blessing and salvation of the world  
is placed on the Cross as a curse.  
From the Creator of heaven and earth,  
earth and air shall be withdrawn.  
The innocent must die here guilty;  
this touches my soul deeply;  
Alas, Golgatha, unhappy Golgatha!

## 60. Recitative - Evangelist, Jesus, and Chorus

### Evangelist

*Und von der sechsten Stunde an war  
eine Finsternis über das ganze  
Land bis zu der neunten Stunde.  
Und um die neunte Stunde schrie  
Jesus laut und sprach:*

### Jesus

*Eli, Eli, lama asabthani?*

### Evangelist

*Das ist: Mein Gott, mein Gott, warum  
hast du mich verlassen?  
Etliche aber, die da standen,  
da sie das höreten, sprachen sie:*

### Chorus

*Der rufet dem Elias!*

### Evangelist

*Und bald lief einer unter ihnen,  
nahm einen Schwamm und füllte  
ihn mit Essig und steckete ihn  
auf ein Rohr und tränkte ihn.  
Die andern aber sprachen:*

### Chorus

*Halt! laß sehen, ob Elias komme  
und ihm helfe?*

### Evangelist

*Aber Jesus schrie abermal laut  
und verschied.*

From noon on, darkness came over  
the whole land until three in the  
afternoon. And about three o'clock  
Jesus cried with a loud voice,

*"Eli, Eli, lama sabachthani?"*

That is, "My God, My God, why  
have you forsaken me?" When  
some of the bystanders heard it,  
they said,

*"This man is calling for Elijah."*

At once one of them ran and  
got a sponge, filled it with sour  
wine, put it on a stick, and gave  
it to him to drink.  
But the others said,

*"Wait, let us see whether Elijah  
will come to save him."*

Then Jesus cried again with a loud  
voice and breathed his last.

When I must depart one day,  
do not part from me then;  
when I must suffer death,  
come to me then!  
When the greatest anxiety  
will constrict my heart,  
then wrest me out of the horror  
by the power of your anguish and pain.

## 61. Chorale

*Wenn ich einmal soll scheiden,  
So scheide nicht von mir,  
Wenn ich den Tod soll leiden,  
So tritt du denn herfür!  
Wenn mir am allerängstigen  
Wird um das Herz sein,  
So reiß mich aus den Ängsten  
Kraft deiner Angst und Pein!*

## 62. Recitative - Evangelist and Chorus

### Evangelist

*Und siehe da, der Vorhang im Tempel  
zerriß in zwei Stück von oben an bis*

At that moment the curtain of the temple  
was torn in two, from top to bottom.

*unten aus. Und die Erde erbebete,  
und die Felsen zerrissen, und die  
Gräber täten sich auf, und stunden  
auf viel Leiber der Heiligen, die da  
schliefen, und gingen aus den Gräbern  
nach seiner Auferstehung und kamen  
in die heilige Stadt und erschienen  
vielen. Aber der Hauptmann und die  
bei ihm waren und bewahrten Jesum,  
da sie sahen das Erdbeben und was da  
geschah, erschraken sie sehr und sprachen:*

### **Chorus**

*Wahrlich, dieser ist Gottes Sohn gewesen.*

The earth shook, and the rocks were split. The tombs also were opened, and many bodies of the saints who had fallen asleep were raised. After his resurrection they came out of the tombs and entered the holy city and appeared to many. Now when the centurion and those with him, who were keeping watch over Jesus, saw the earthquake and what took place, they were terrified and said,

### **Evangelist**

*Und es waren viel Weiber da, die von ferne zusahen, die da waren nachgefolget aus Galiläa und hatten ihm gedienet, unter welchen war Maria Magdalena und Maria, die Mutter Jacobi und Joses, und die Mutter der Kinder Zebedäi. Am Abend aber kam ein reicher Mann von Arimathia, der hieß Joseph, welcher auch ein Jünger Jesu war, der ging zu Pilato und bat ihn um den Leichnam Jesu. Da befahl Pilatus, man sollte ihm ihn geben.*

Many women were also there, looking on from a distance; they had followed Jesus from Galilee and had provided for him. Among them were Mary Magdalene, and Mary the mother of James and Joseph, and the mother of the sons of Zebedee. When it was evening, there came a rich man from Arimathea, named Joseph, who was also a disciple of Jesus. He went to Pilate and asked for the body of Jesus; then Pilate ordered it to be given to him.

### **63. Recitative - Bass**

*Am Abend, da es kühle war,  
Ward Adams Fallen offenbar;  
Am Abend drücket ihn der Heiland nieder.  
Am Abend kam die Taube wieder  
Und trug ein Ölblatt in dem Munde.  
O schöne Zeit! O Abendstunde!  
Der Friedensschluß ist nun mit Gott  
Gemacht  
Denn Jesus hat sein Kreuz vollbracht.  
Sein Leichnam kommt zur Ruh,  
Ach! liebe Seele, bitte du,  
Geh, lasse dir den toten Jesum schenken,  
O heilsames, o köstlichs Angedenken!*

In the evening, when it was cool, Adam's fall was made apparent; in the evening the Saviour bowed himself down. In the evening the dove came back, bearing an olive leaf in its mouth. O lovely time! O evening hour! The pact of peace with God has now been made, since Jesus has completed his Cross. His body comes to rest. Ah! dear soul, ask, go, have them give you the dead Jesus, O salutary, O precious remembrance!

### **64. Aria - Bass**

*Mache dich, mein Herze, rein,  
Ich will Jesum selbst begraben.  
Denn er soll nunmehr in mir  
Für und für, für und für  
Seine süße Ruhe haben.  
Welt, geh aus, laß Jesum ein!  
Mache dich, mein Herze, rein,  
Ich will Jesum selbst begraben.*

Make yourself pure, my heart; I want to bury Jesus myself. For he should now in me, From this time forth, Have his sweet rest. World, get away! Leave Jesus alone! Make yourself pure, my heart; I want to bury Jesus myself.

### **65. Recitative - Evangelist, Chorus, and Pilate**

#### **Evangelist**

*Und Joseph nahm den Leib und wickelte*

So Joseph took the body and wrapped it

*ihn in ein rein Leinwand und legte ihn in sein eigen neu Grab, welches er hatte lassen in einen Fels hauen, und wälzete einen großen Stein vor die Tür des Grabes und ging davon. Es war aber allda Maria Magdalena und die andere Maria, die satzten sich gegen das Grab. Des andern Tages, der da folget nach dem Rüsttage, kamen die Hohenpriester und Pharisäer sämtlich zu Pilato und sprachen:*

### **Chorus**

*Herr, wir haben gedacht, daß dieser Verführer sprach, da er noch lebete: „Ich will nach dreien Tagen wieder auferstehen.“ Darum befiehl, daß man das Grab verwahre bis an den dritten Tag, auf daß nicht seine Jünger kommen und stehlen ihn und sagen zu dem Volk: „Er ist auferstanden von den Toten,“ und werde der letzte Betrug ärger denn der erste!*

### **Evangelist**

*Pilatus sprach zu ihnen:*

### **Pilate**

*Da habt ihr die Hüter; gehet hin und verwahret's, wie ihr's wisset!*

### **Evangelist**

*Sie gingen hin und verwahreten das Grab mit Hütern und versiegelten den Stein.*

## **66. Recitative - Bass, Tenor, Alto, Soprano, and Chorus**

### **Bass**

*Nun ist der Herr zur Ruh gebracht.*

in a clean linen cloth and laid it in his own new tomb, which he had hewn in the rock. He then rolled a great stone to the door of the tomb and went away. Mary Magdalene and the other Mary were there, sitting opposite the tomb. The next day, that is, after the day of Preparation, the chief priests and the Pharisees gathered before Pilate and said,

“Sir, we remember what that impostor said while he was still alive, ‘After three days I will rise again.’ Therefore command the tomb to be made secure until the third day; otherwise his disciples may go and steal him away, and tell the people, ‘He has been raised from the dead,’ and the last deception would be worse than the first.”

Pilate said to them,

“You have a guard of soldiers; go, make it as secure as you can.”

So they went with the guard and made the tomb secure by sealing the stone.

### **Chorus**

*Mein Jesu, gute Nacht!*

Now the Lord is brought to rest.

My Jesus, good night!

### **Tenor**

*Die Müh ist aus, die unsre Sünden ihm gemacht.*

The weariness that our sins have given him is over.

### **Chorus**

*Mein Jesu, gute Nacht!*

My Jesus, good night!

### **Alto**

*O selige Gebeine, Seht, wie ich euch mit Buß und Reu beweine,  
Daß euch mein Fall in solche Not gebracht!*

O blessed bones, see how I weep over you with repentance and regret since my fall has brought such anguish upon you!

**Chorus**

*Mein Jesu, gute Nacht!*

My Jesus, good night!

**Soprano**

*Habt lebenslang*

*Vor euer Leiden tausend Dank,  
Daß ihr mein Seelenheil so wert geacht'.*

Lifelong, thousand thanks to you  
for your suffering, since you held my  
soul's salvation so dear.

**Chorus**

*Mein Jesu, gute Nacht!*

My Jesus, good night!

**67. Chorus and Soloists**

*Wir setzen uns mit Tränen nieder  
Und rufen dir im Grabe zu:  
Ruhe sanfte, sanfte ruh!  
Ruht, ihr ausgesognen Glieder!  
Euer Grab und Leichenstein  
Soll dem ängstlichen Gewissen  
Ein bequemes Ruhekissen  
Und der Seelen Ruhstatt sein.  
Höchst vergnügt schlummern  
da die Augen ein.*

We sit down with tears  
and call to you in the grave:  
rest gently, gently rest!  
Rest, you exhausted limbs!  
Rest gently, rest well. Your grave  
and headstone shall be a  
comfortable pillow for the anxious  
conscience and the resting  
place for the soul.  
Rest gently, gently rest!  
Highly contented,  
there the eyes fall asleep.



## Program Notes

J.S. Bach's *St. Matthew Passion* (BWV 244) came nearly on the heels of Bach's *St. John Passion*, which Bach had written for Good Friday 1724 and revised for Good Friday 1725. Bach wrote both versions for Good Friday Vespers at the St. Thomas Church in Leipzig. The *St. Matthew Passion* took place there as well, probably first on Good Friday 1727, with a revised version likely in 1729, and a culminating revision in 1736. When Mendelssohn initiated the Bach revival in the 19th century, he edited (and altered) this later version of the *St. Matthew*, a copy of which his grandmother had given the teen-aged Mendelssohn as a gift. This 1736 version is most often performed today, and it is the basis for the Bärenreiter edition that the Bach Society is using for today's performance.

This Passion setting, significantly longer than Bach's earlier setting of the Johannine Passion, in itself would last about three hours if it were sung without cuts. Modern audiences may justly wonder about the endurance powers of the people who first heard it in its liturgical setting. For, as Daniel Melamed has pointed out in *Hearing Bach's Passions* (Oxford University Press, 2005), those Good Friday Vespers in Leipzig's main Lutheran churches began with a hymn at 1:45 p.m. The hymn was followed by Part I of the sung Passion. Between that and Part II of the Passion came a sermon lasting at least an hour. The second part of the Passion was followed by a motet by Jacob Handl (Gallus)—“Ecce, quomodo moritur justus,” a collect, a reading from Isaiah, and a final hymn.

Today's Bach Society of Dayton performance, like Mendelssohn's in 1829, has been at least slightly abridged to make for a reasonable concert length. Because of the occasional cuts, the numbering in today's program probably follows the numbering of no existing vocal score and may be significantly different from the numbering used in various recordings and commentaries. We have also abbreviated several of the *da capo* arias, not repeating the first sections of those arias in their entirety.

Bach composed the work with a Gospel text from Luther's German Bible, the vernacular version familiar to Lutherans in the 18th century. He would surely have endorsed the practice of singing the work in an audience's vernacular today, and English singing versions of the work are certainly available. But since today's performance is a concert, not a church service, we have elected to sing the work in German—duplicating the sound of the language Bach used.

Much commentary on the *St. Matthew Passion* stresses what Bach emphasized in his 1736 version—the scoring of the work for two choruses and two orchestras, an arrangement that will be visually apparent. In his 1736 orchestration, Bach calls for a separate “continuo” group—cello (or bassoon) and keyboard—in each orchestra. A document from the sexton of St. Thomas's Church notes that the performance that year used “both organs” in the church. But Bach's earlier version had only one continuo group, and that is the practice we are following today. Melamed presents a very convincing case for thinking that Bach's two choruses each had only four (male) singers, one on each vocal part, with the solo lines in the narrative, including that of the tenor Evangelist, as well as all of the interpolated vocal recitatives and arias, sung by those same eight singers.

Since all of the musicians would have been above and behind the congregation, any confusion about vocal roles would have been principally aural, not visual. We, like most performances today, use soloists in addition to a chorus divided into two complementary four-part groups, and we hope that the resulting visual separation, along with the printed text and translation in this program booklet, will let our audience follow the basic “story” with relative ease. (Bach’s original congregation, at least the wealthier members of it, also had access to printed librettos.)

The printed librettos should also make it relatively easy to distinguish among the three principal strands in the text. The basic narration follows the account of Jesus’ Passion in St. Matthew’s Gospel, chapters 26 and 27, without significant alteration. (The English version included in this program booklet is taken from The New Revised Standard Version, the one most frequently used in Protestant lectionaries today. For an annotated modern English translation that tries to be as faithful to Bach’s German text as possible, see the impressive work of Michael Marissen in *Bach’s Oratorios* [Oxford University Press 2008]). Bach frames that narration with two large choruses, whose poetic texts come from a librettist with whom he worked closely on a number of occasions—Christian Friedrich Henrici (also called “Picander”). Henrici also wrote the poetic texts for the solo recitatives and arias—the former often metrically irregular and loosely rhymed, the latter far more regular in meter and rhyme scheme.

The third strand of music comes from the chorale verses that Bach carefully places throughout the composition. These chorales—both the music and the texts—would have been familiar to the original congregation. But whereas that congregation would have been accustomed to singing all the verses of any given chorale in a liturgical service, Bach (with Picander’s help?) very carefully selects single (or occasionally pairs of) stanzas that will fit most aptly at a given point in the narrative. Probably the most familiar of these chorales today is what is sometimes known as the “Passion Chorale”—“O sacred head sore wounded.” That tune, attributed to Hans Hassler (1564–1612), was used for several different chorale texts in Bach’s day, and he uses verses from at least three texts to that tune. The chorale, with different harmonizations and in different keys, appears five times in the Passion—the last (and the one pitched lowest) occurring immediately after Jesus’ death. In the 1736 version, Bach ends Part I with a lengthy expanded treatment of another familiar Lenten chorale—“O Mensch, bewein dein Sünde gross”; today’s performance substitutes a simpler, straightforward chorale, with which Bach ended earlier versions of Part I—“Jesum laß ich nicht von mir.”

The music used for these three strands of text differs quite unmistakably as well. Bach uses basic “recitative” for the narration—sometimes incorporating additional instruments, particularly for the lines assigned to individual voices or crowd voices. The most widely noted of these additions would surely be the “halo” effect that Bach creates as he adds strings whenever Jesus sings, until Jesus is led away from Pilate’s palace to be crucified. And these recitatives, unlike the plainsong narrations of earlier sung passions, can become extremely dramatic. Listen, for example, to the sound painting when Jesus dies and the temple veil is torn in half and we have an earthquake (#62 in this program’s numbering). The second strand of music is the already familiar hymn repertory—homophonic, metrical settings of very regular hymn stanzas. The third strand of music comes with the soloists’ recitatives and arias, highly ornamented, polyphonic music reminiscent of (and derived

from?) the Italian Baroque operatic traditions alive in Bach's era. Just as the operas would pause the dramatic action for highly expressive solo arias, Bach stops the Passion narrative for different soloists to offer very individual reflections on and responses to the action that has just occurred. For instance, just after the scene of Peter's denial, which ends with the line "And he [Peter] went out and wept bitterly," we have the famous alto aria "Erbarme dich"—"Have mercy"—in which the soloist responds with the believer's own tears: "Have mercy, my God, / for the sake of my tears! / Look here: heart and eyes / weep bitterly for You." Melamed also points out the occasional contextual echo in the music for these arias. The bass aria (#44 in this booklet's numbering) immediately following the episode when Judas tries to return the thirty pieces of silver—"Gebt mir meinen Jesum wieder!" (Give me my Jesus back! / See the money, the murderer's fee, / tossed at your feet by the lost son!)—with its "vehement, rhythmically irregular declamation of the text, the singer's wide-ranging line and rapid runs, and the furious virtuosity of the solo violin part"—would have been recognized as a conventional operatic bass "rage aria."

The Bach Society of Dayton is thankful for the generous and loyal support of the Miriam Rosenthal Foundation and pleased to offer people the opportunity to hear this seldom performed masterwork. Bach's original intentions would have been to provide music that would instruct and move his audience. Our principal aim is less didactic, though no less ambitious--to provide our listeners with music they can enjoy and understand as great music.

*Program texts and notes prepared by R. Alan Kimbrough*



**Please join us for a reception in the Fellowship Hall following the concert. The Bach Society of Dayton extends appreciation to the Friends of the Bach Society for providing this opportunity for refreshment and conversation.**

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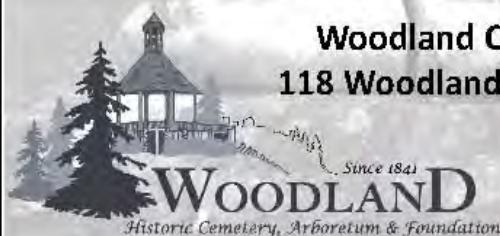
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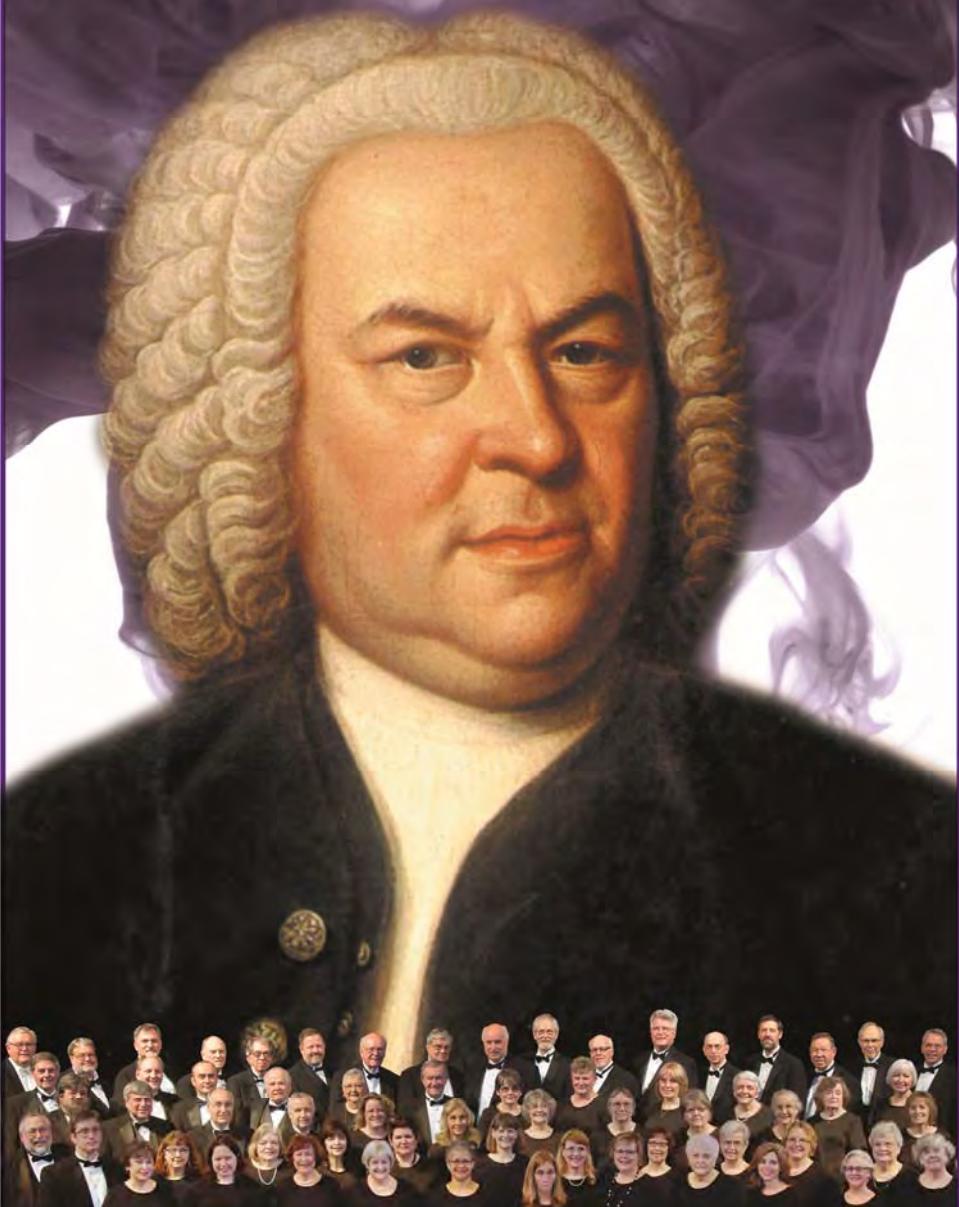
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